

50+ Pairing Heap (Data Structure) MCQs with FREE PDF

1. Which node contains a pointer to its parent?

- a) root node
- b) right most child
- c) left most child
- d) left sibling

Answer: left most child

2. What is the basic operation performed in a pairing heap?

- a) merge
- b) deletion
- c) insertion
- d) swapping

Answer: merge

3. If there are c children of the root, how many calls to the merge procedure is required to reassemble the heap?

- a) c
- b) $c+1$
- c) $c-1$
- d) 1

Answer: $c-1$

4. Which of the following methods is the best choice for complex applications?

- a) binary heap
- b) d-heap
- c) treap
- d) pairing heap

Answer: pairing heap

5. Pairing heaps time complexity was inspired by that of?

- a) splay tree
- b) treap
- c) red-black tree
- d) avl tree

Answer: splay tree

6. The roots of the elements of the subtrees are smaller than the root of the heap.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: False

7. The amortized time efficiency for performing deletion of a minimum element is?

- a) $O(N)$
- b) $O(\log N)$
- c) $O(N^2)$
- d) $O(M \log N)$

Answer: $O(\log N)$

8. Out of the following given options, which is the fastest algorithm?

- a) fibonacci heap
- b) pairing heap
- c) d-ary heap
- d) binary heap

Answer: fibonacci heap

9. What is the run time efficiency of an insertion algorithm?

- a) $O(N)$
- b) $O(\log N)$
- c) $O(N^2)$
- d) $O(M \log N)$

Answer: $O(N)$

10. What is the reason for the efficiency of a pairing heap?

- a) simplicity
- b) time-efficient
- c) space-efficient
- d) advanced

Answer: simplicity