Redox Reactions in Terms of Electron Transfer Reactions MCQs with FREE PDF

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a) oxidising agent
b) oxidation
c) reducing agent
d) reduction
Answer: oxidation
Intensity of blue colour increases gradually when
b) silver rod is dipped in copper nitrate solution
c) zinc rod is dipped in silver solution
d) copper rod is dipped in zinc rod solution
Answer: copper rod is dipped in silver nitrate solution
3. Which of the following is true as per metal activity series? a) Zn <ag<cu< td=""></ag<cu<>
b) Zn <cu<ag< td=""></cu<ag<>
c) Zn>Ag>Cu
d) Zn>Cu>Ag
Answer: Zn>Cu>Ag
4. What is a reducing agent of the reaction $Cu^{+2} + Zn \rightarrow Cu + Zn^{+2}$? a) copper
b) zinc
c) hydrogen
d) oxygen
Answer: zinc
5. The oxidation number of oxidant increases in a Redox reaction. a) true
b) false
Answer: false
6. Which of the following is not an oxidising agent?

1. Loss of electrons is _____

a) magnesium oxide

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b) carbon dioxide c) ozone d) sodium hydride Answer: sodium hydride 7. Hydrogen peroxide is a __ a) oxidising agent b) reducing agent c) both reducing and oxidizing agent d) neither reducing nor an oxidizing agent Answer: both reducing and oxidizing agent 8. What is the oxidation half reaction of $Cu^{+2} + Zn \rightarrow Cu + Zn^{+2}$? a) $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{+2}$ b) $Cu^{+2} \rightarrow Cu$ c) $Cu^{+2} \rightarrow Zn^{+2}$ d) $Zn \rightarrow Cu$ Answer: $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{+2}$ 9. When a zinc rod is kept in a copper nitrate solution what happens? a) zinc is deposited on copper b) copper is deposited on zinc c) zinc is deposited in the beaker d) copper is deposited in the beaker Answer: zinc is deposited in the beaker 10. In this reaction $Cu^{+2} + Zn \rightarrow Cu + Zn^{+2}$, what is an oxidising agent? a) copper b) zinc c) hydrogen

d) oxygen

Answer: copper